

Cl@ve

A new step in eID for Government



Legal framework: **LAW 11/2007**, of 22th June, on electronic access to Public Services for members of the public.



Article 13. Forms of identification and authentication.

2. Members of the public may use **the following electronic signature systems** in their relations with Public Administration bodies, **in accordance with whatever is determined by each Public Administration body**:
 - a) In **all cases**, the electronic signature systems incorporated into the **National Identity Card** for physical persons.
 - b) **Advanced electronic signature systems**, including those based on recognised electronic certificates accepted by Public Administration bodies.
 - c) **Other electronic signature systems**, such as the **use of passwords previously established in a register of users**, the provision of information known by both parties and other non-encrypted systems under the terms and conditions established for each case.

- **Different systems for identification and authentication of citizens when accessing to digital public services**

- DNI-e (National Identity Card)

- Mandatory acceptance by all public administrations
- +34.000.000 DNI-e issued
- Low use: activation, card reader, technical issues, PIN code



- Systems based on electronic certificates

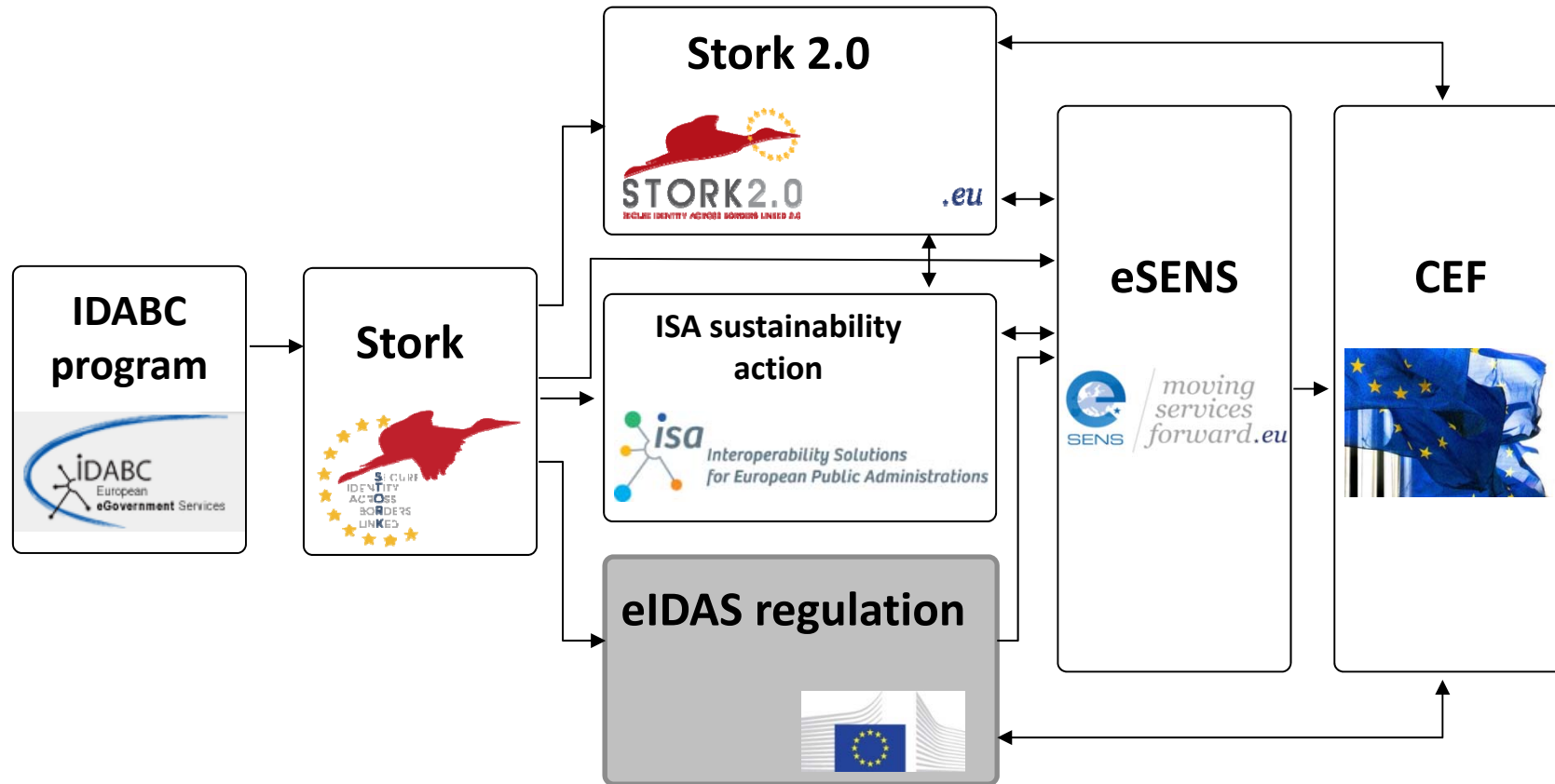
- Universally used in e-government services
- Balance between security and usability
 - It may imply some burden for accessing simple or non-critical services



- Other systems (shared keys)

- Heterogeneity
- Specific for each public body





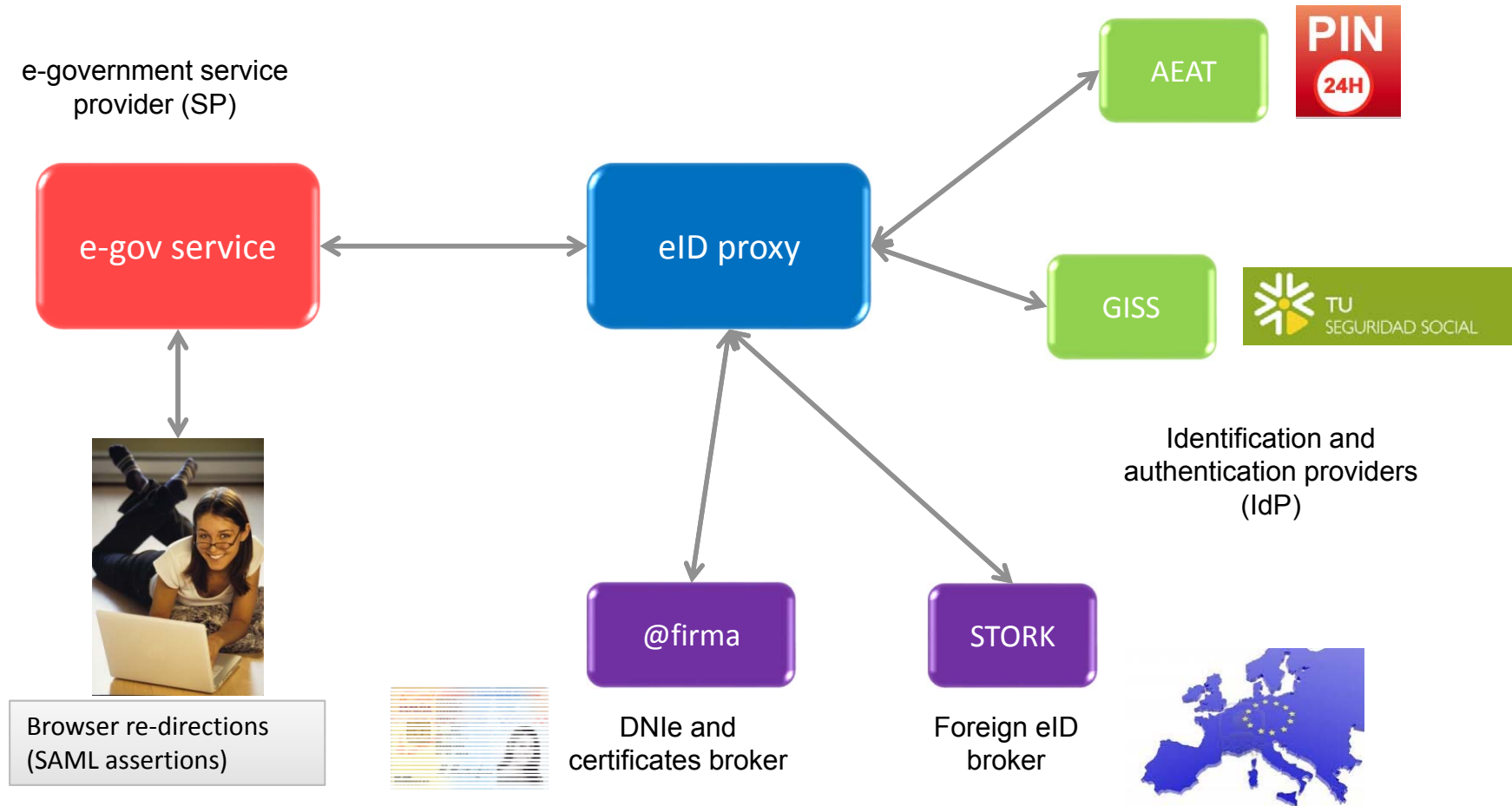


Commission for the Public Administration Reform

- Created in October 2012
- Goal: Improve efficiency and effectiveness of public activity, reducing its costs without decreasing the quality of the services provided
- Measures aimed to the rationalization of the ICT function in the national government
 - Infrastructures consolidation
 - Shared services
 - New organizational framework: CIO of the national government (DTIC)
- DTIC: Directorate of ICT
 - Created in September 2013
 - Responsible for coordinating the ICT rationalization process in the national government
 - Integrated with the DG for fostering e-government in September 2014
 - Assuming its resources and services: Red SARA, @firma, Plataforma de Intermediación, etc.

- **Collaborative project** promoted by the DTIC aligned with the CORA measures
- Governance
 - Reduced work group: Entities responsible for the system (DTIC, Tax Agency, Social Security, DG Police) + DG Traffic
 - Extended work group
- Formalized by the **Council of Ministers Agreement** of September 19th , 2014
 - Cl@ve is the common platform of the National Administrative Public Sector for identification, authentication and electronic signature by using shared keys, open for use by all levels of government
 - Mandatory by the end of 2015
- It started operation on Nov, 17th
- Based on the results of STORK
 - Specifications: SAML 2.0 STORK profile
 - SW implementation (PEPS, integration packages)

- System aimed to **unify and simplify electronic access** by citizens to public services
 - Main goal: A citizen can identify and authenticate in front of a public body using shared keys, without remembering different keys for accessing different services
- It **complements the current systems** based on DNI-e and electronic certificates
- It requires **registration**
 - In person
 - Online: Electronic certificate / shared knowledge (tax information)
- **Two modalities** of electronic identification based on the use of shared keys:
 - **Cl@ve PIN**: User (NIF) + Password formed by two parts, one part chosen by the citizen; the other a code sent by SMS to her mobile phone with limited validity in time. It is intended for users accessing services sporadically.
 - **Cl@ve permanente**: User (NIF) + password defined and kept by the citizen, reinforced (if required) by a code sent by SMS to her mobile phone.
- It will offer the possibility of **signing in the cloud** with personal certificates kept in remote servers



- Integration with **foreign eID**
 - Support for the future obligation of eID recognition
 - Now by means of STORK
- The service provider defines the **level of assurance** of the authentication that requests for accessing its service
- Levels of assurance based on
 - **Enrolment phase** (with shared knowledge, with certificate, in person)
 - **Authentication phase** (type of credential used)
- Levels matching those foreseen in eIDAS
 - **Low** (Clave PIN, Clave Permanente)
 - **Substantial** (reinforced Clave PIN and Clave Permanente, SW certificates)
 - **High** (DNI-e, HW certificates)
- Final assignment to levels depending on eIDAS implementing acts outcome



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eID proxy



[¿Qué es Cl@ve?](#)

[Ayuda](#)



IDENTIDAD
ELECTRÓNICA PARA
LAS ADMINISTRACIONES

Elige el método de identificación



DNle / Certificado electrónico

[Acceder >](#)



Cl@ve PIN

[Acceder >](#)

[¿Qué es Cl@ve PIN?](#)
Para usarlo es necesario [registrarse](#)



Cl@ve permanente

[Acceder >](#)

[¿Qué es Cl@ve permanente?](#)
Para usarlo es necesario [registrarse](#)



Ciudadanos UE

[Acceder >](#)



Clave 1.0 © Gobierno de España

- Support for **citizens**
 - Information portal: <http://clave.gob.es>
 - 060 phone number
- Integration of **public bodies**
 - Integration upon request and approval
 - Public body identification data
 - Public key of the electronic certificate
 - Goal: little effort to integrate
 - To achieve the objective of all services of national government integrated by the end of 2015
 - Support for integrators
 - Integration packages
 - Java, .Net y PHP
 - Testing environment and tools
 - Available at the Technology Transfer Centre <http://administracionelectronica.gob.es/ctt/clave>
 - Services already integrated
 - 3 Ministries with services integrated in production environment
 - 5 Ministries with services integrated in testing environment

- Continue with eIDAS alignment
 - Evolution for supporting eIDAS interoperability framework
 - Integration with the CEF eID DSI
 - Adaptation of the levels of assurance
 - Adaptation to the minimum data set
- Server based e-signature
 - Planned for mid 2015
- Discussions about
 - Terms and conditions of use for public sector
 - Use by private sector
 - Integration of other IdP (public and private)
 - Identification of legal persons





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Thank you