

# Computational Location Privacy: Two Fundamental Problems

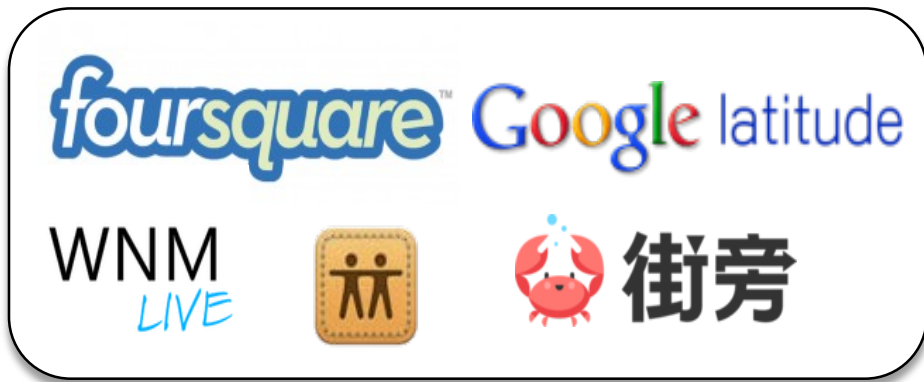
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# They Profile You!

## Location-based Services



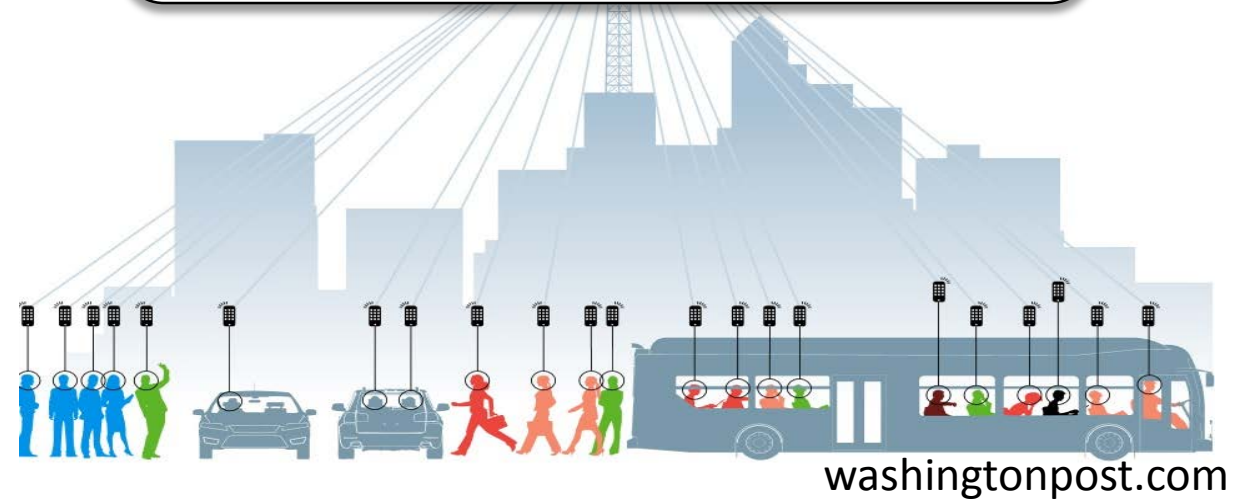
## Social Networks



# They Track You!

## NSA Location Tracking Programs

- Co-Traveler
- HappyFoot



NSA collects 5 billion location records a day on cellphones

# Different Approaches to Privacy

Legal



Behavioral



Computational



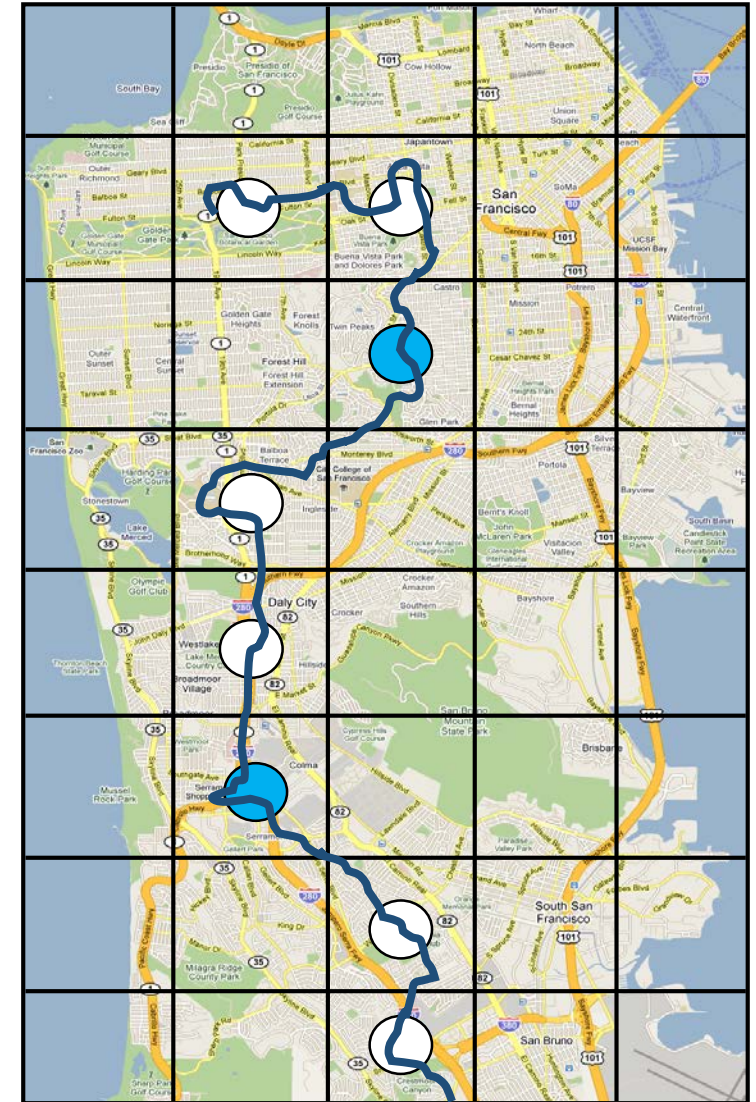
Computational  
Privacy

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graph TD; A[Computational Privacy] --> B[Quantifying Privacy]; A --> C[Protecting Privacy];
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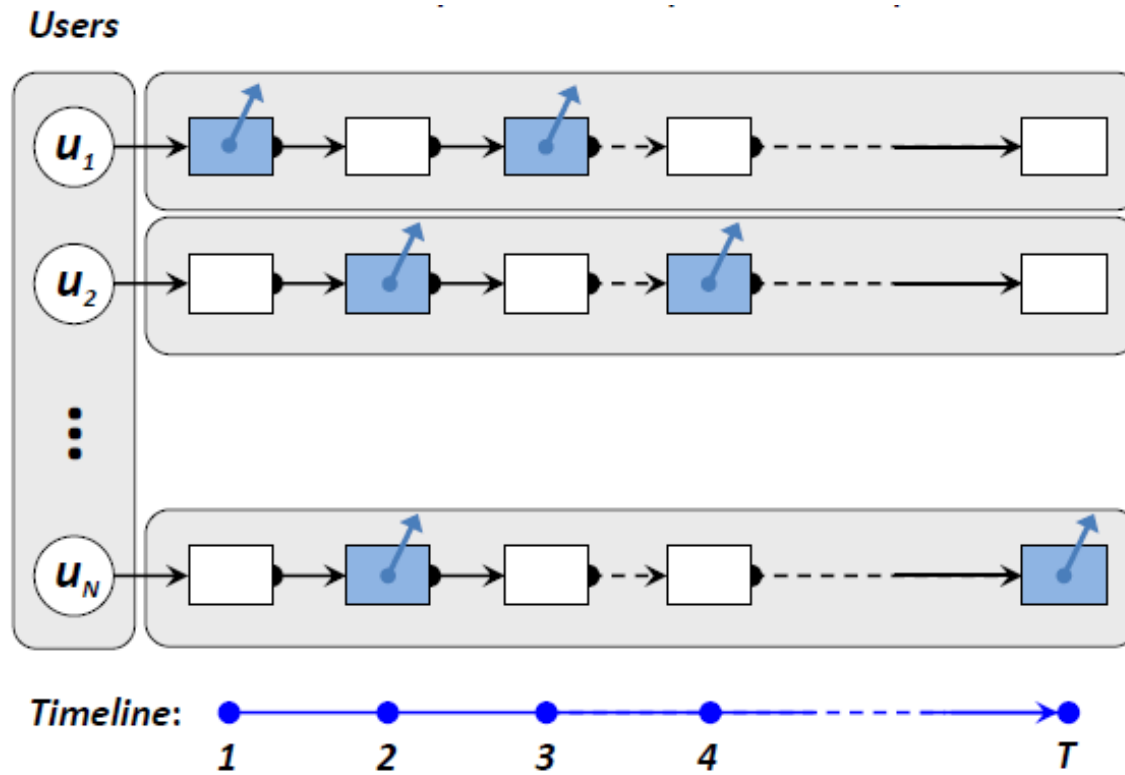
Quantifying  
Privacy

Protecting  
Privacy

# Location Traces and Location-based Services



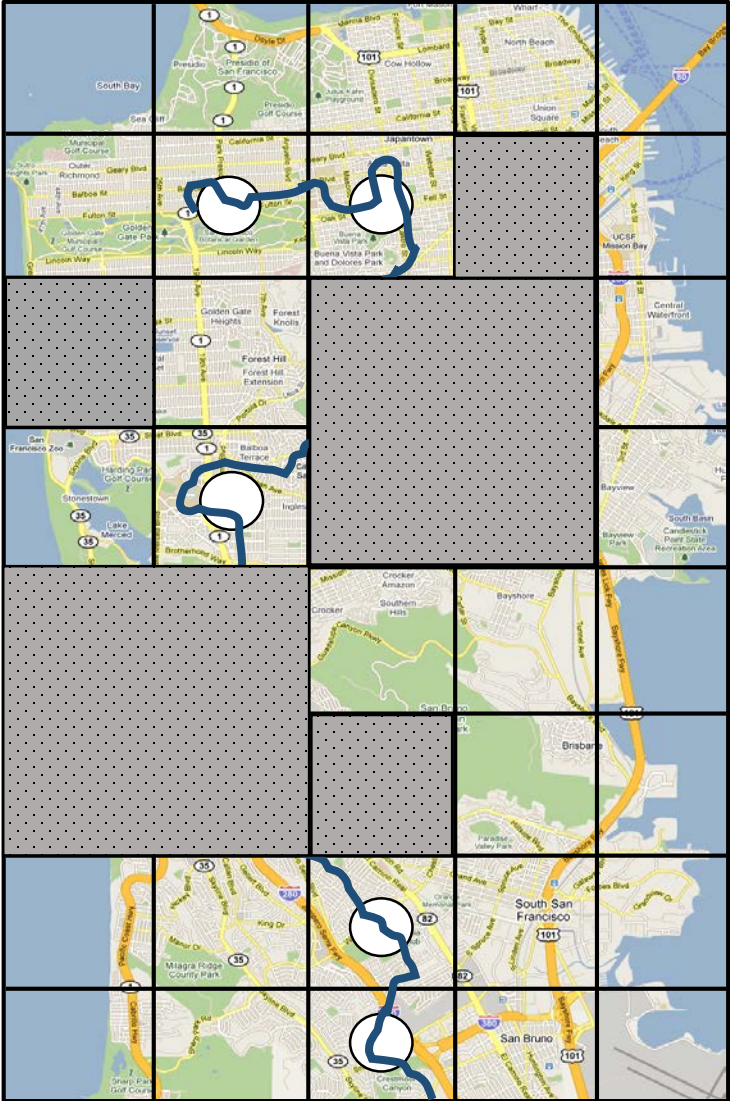
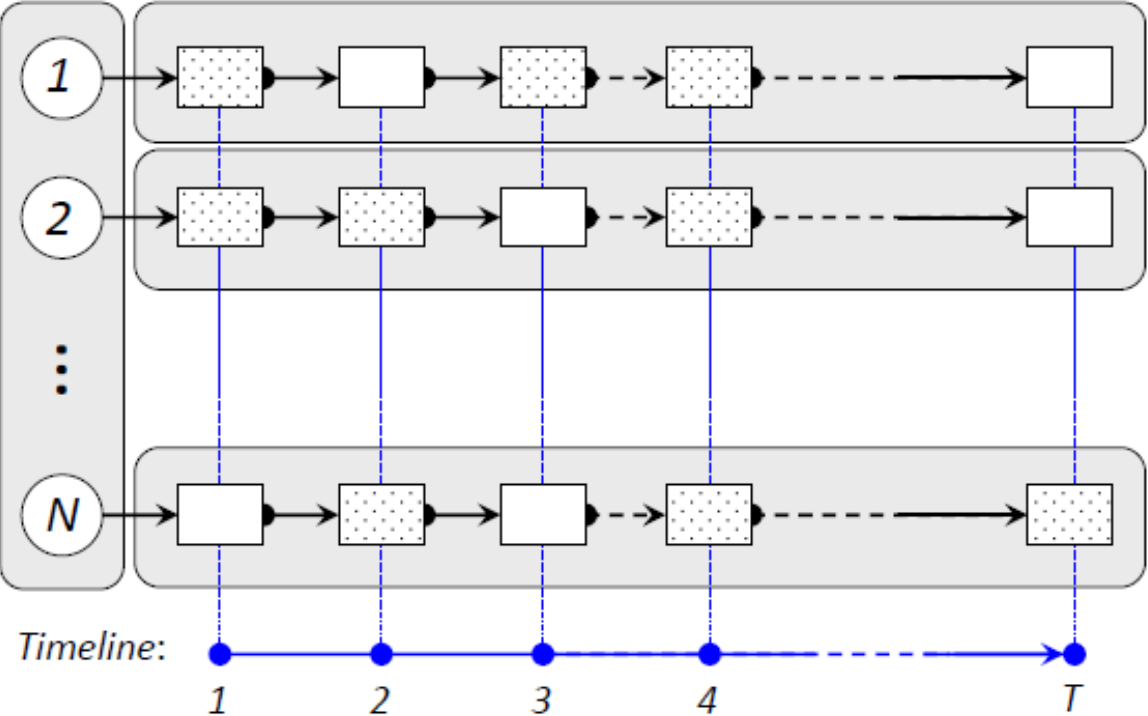
Actual Traces



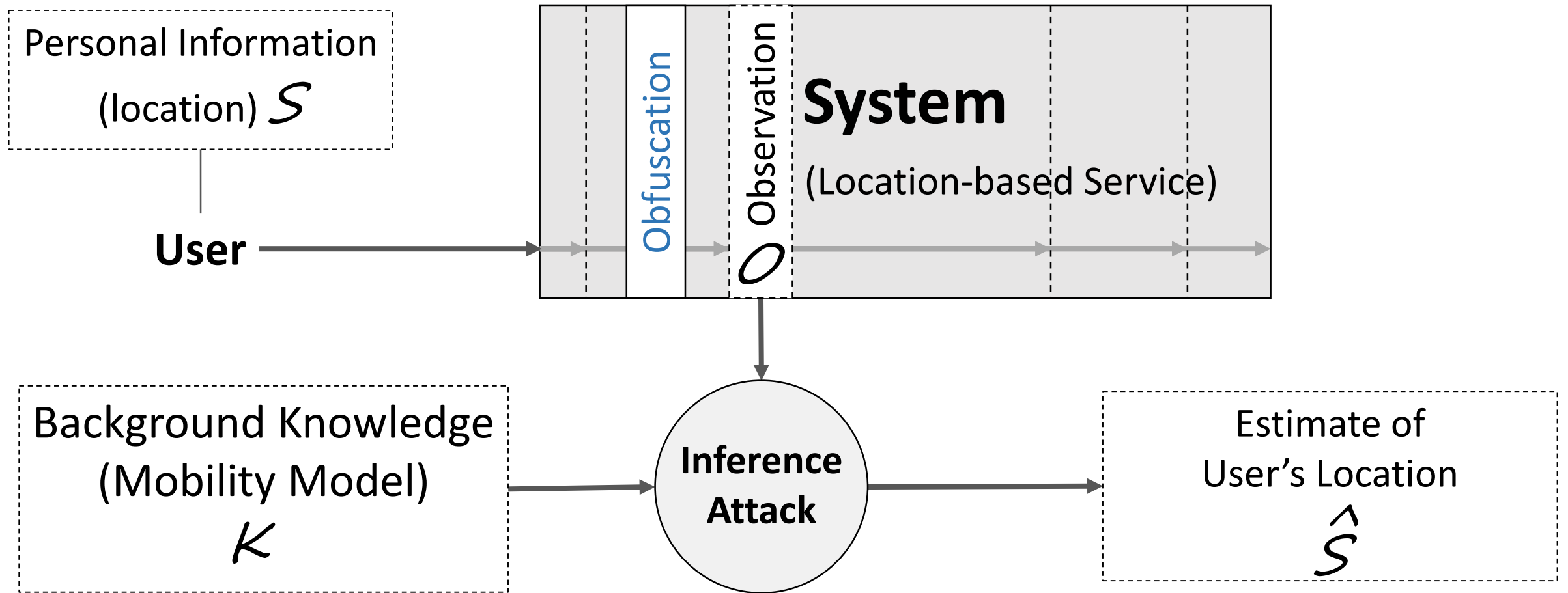
# User-Centric Protection Mechanisms

- Anonymization
- Location Obfuscation
  - Decrease Granularity (Location Cloaking)
  - Decrease Accuracy (Location Perturbation)

Observed Traces



# How to Consistently Quantify Location Privacy?



Privacy (as expected inference error):  $\sum_{\hat{S}} \Pr(\hat{S} | O, K) \cdot d(S, \hat{S})$

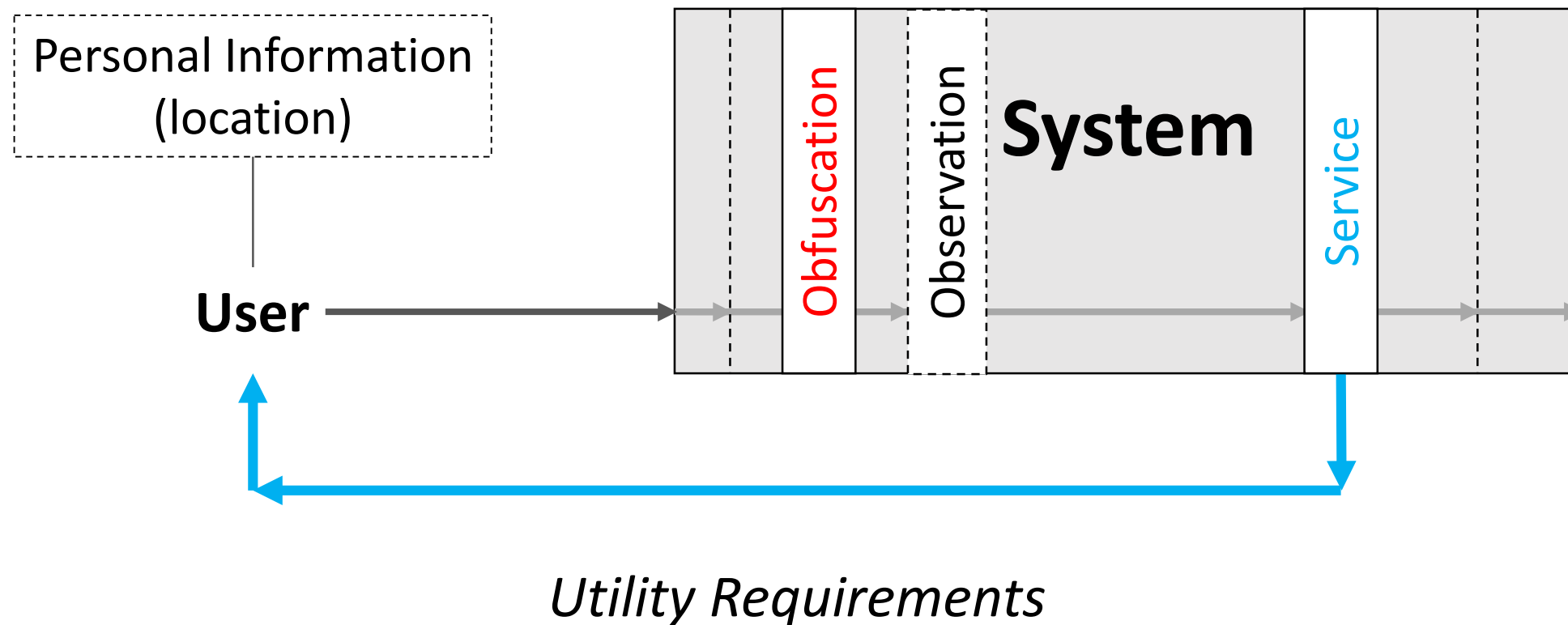
- R. Shokri, et al., "Quantifying Location Privacy," IEEE S&P - Oakland, 2011.
- R. Shokri, et al., "Quantifying Location Privacy: The Case of Sporadic Location Exposure," PETS, 2011.

# Inference Attacks

- **Identification:** Which trace does belong to Alice?
- **Localization:** Where was Alice at 8:00?
- **Tracking:** Where did Alice go yesterday?
- **Meeting Disclosure:** How many times did Alice and Bob meet?



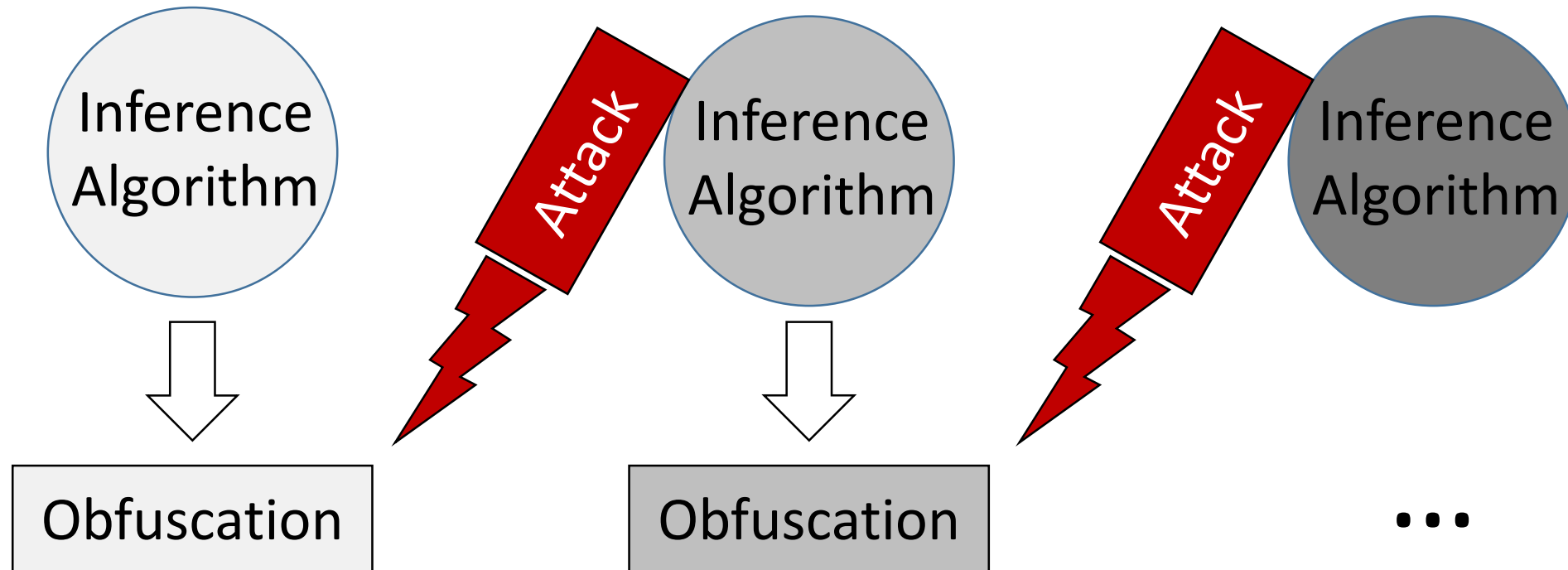
# How to Optimally **Protect** Location Privacy using Obfuscation?



There is a tradeoff between **privacy** and **utility**

# Solution: Decision Theory ?

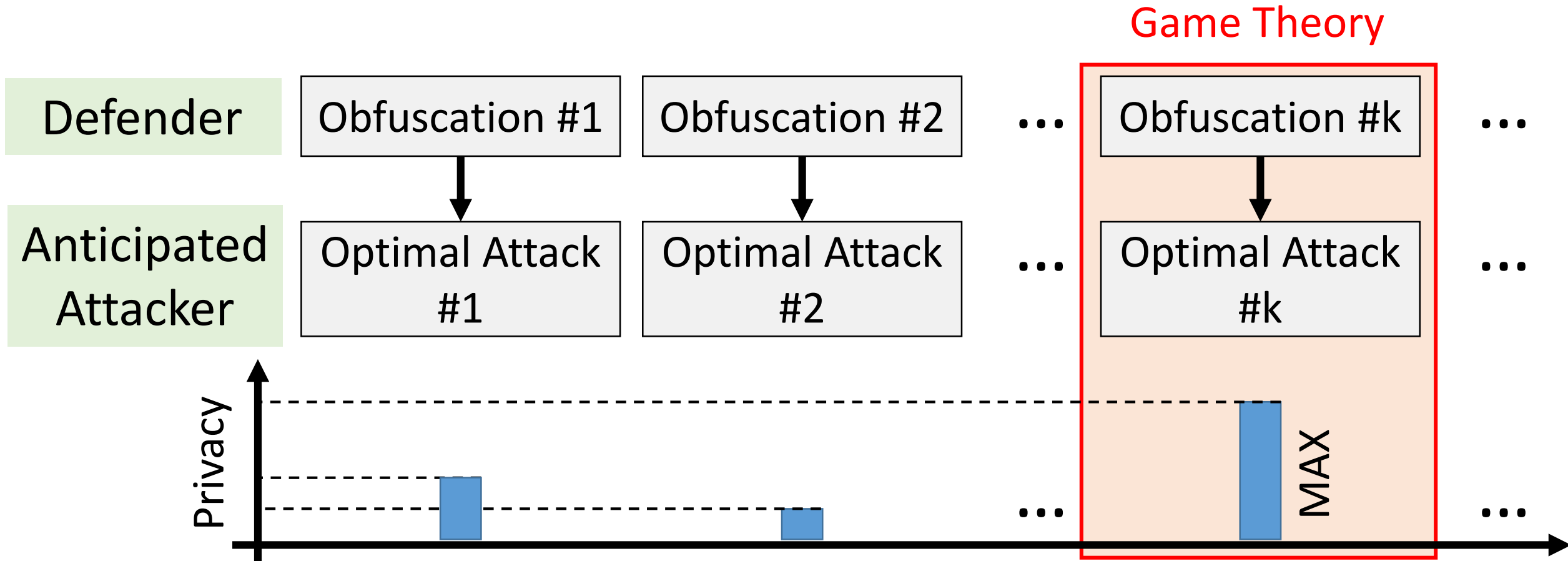
- Minimize privacy loss
  - Satisfy utility constraints



Privacy decision making must be **interactive**

# Attacker Has the Upper Hand

Defender Must Anticipate the Inference Attack



- Solve **conflicting** optimizations: Defense and Attack

# Conclusions

- Defense against surveillance
  - Practical protection mechanisms with theoretical foundations
  - Intelligent obfuscation methods, considering user behavior
- Computational privacy
  - Quantify privacy using statistical inference: measure adversary error
  - Protect privacy in a strategic decision making process: find the optimal balance between *privacy*, *utility*, and *computing* budgets